

# DESIGN OF MICROSTRIP ANTEENA FOR COGNITIVE RADIO'S USING CST

## Abstract

The Design of Frequency Reusable UWB Microstrip Antenna works operates from 2.96GHz to 14.95GHz where the frequency configurabilkity achieved with the help of feeding lines and transmission lines. The proposed design of single antenna works as two separte antenna as communicationg antenna and sensing antenna with in the narrow bands with tolerable VSWR(<2).

**Keywords:** Reconfigurability, PEC Switches, Cognitive Radio.

## Author

**Aleddula Abhishek Reddy**

Assistant Professor

Department of ECE

Matrusri Engineering College

abhishek.a.reddy@matrusri.edu.in

## I. INTRODUCTION

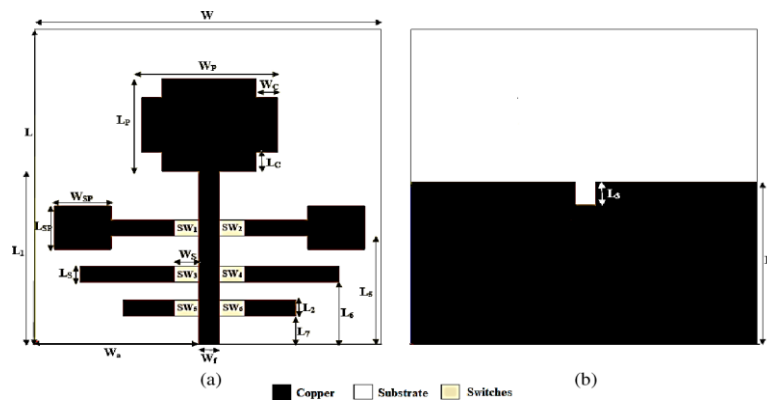
As wireless devices are increasing in today's scenario, the need for precise communicating devices is required without loss of signal strength. With the increase in demand for antennas where reusability helps us to configure as we require by modifying the parameters to meet the demand and to fulfill the user's requirement [3]. One among such antennas is UWB, which has the promising advantage of consuming less power with high data rates [1-2]. Reconfigurability modifies parameters and can accommodate the features of a number of antennas within the same antenna [7].

Microstrip antennas have advantages of low sizes and consumption of less power and inserting switches such as RF MEMS, PEC switches, photoconductive switches, PIN diodes, varactors etc. the proposed design senses and in the ultra-wideband range, communicates in narrow bands within the ultra-wideband range. [5][6][8].

Cognitive Radio technology can accommodate a more number of users by sensing the spectrum within the available bandwidth where a large means of which is idle can be used by user when ever needed. [4]

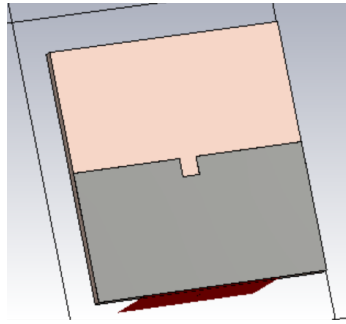
## II. PROPOSED MODEL

The proposed antenna works with frequency reconfigurability by changing the surface current distributions on the patch and ground plane with the help of switches as shown in Figure 1. The sensing antenna structure resembles an elliptical ground plane, the communicating antenna has a rectangular patch with slots cut at four edges. The two structures are printed on FR4 epoxy substrate with 4.4 dielectric constant, height (h) 1.6 mm.



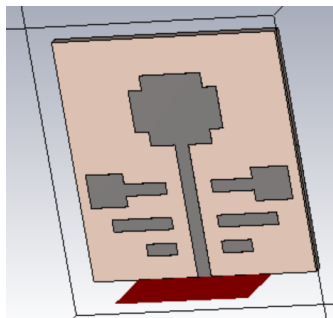
**Figure.1** The proposed cognitive radio antenna, (a) Front side (b) Backside

- 1. Design of UWB Sensing Antenna:** The sensing antenna contains a partial ground plane that allows the antenna to operate in UWB range which has a slot at the center that gives impedance matching as shown in Figure 2.



**Figure 2:** The sensing antenna.

- 2. Design of Communicating Antenna:** The communicating antenna is shown in Figure 3 antenna with slots cut at four edges allows the antenna to operate in UWB. A 50Ω microstrip line is used for feeding the antenna. Six extended transmission lines are printed on FR4 substrate that are connected or disconnected to feedline through PEC switches to achieve frequency reconfigurability.



**Figure 3:** The communicating antenna

$$W = \frac{\lambda_0}{2\sqrt{0.5(\epsilon_r + 1)}} \quad (1)$$

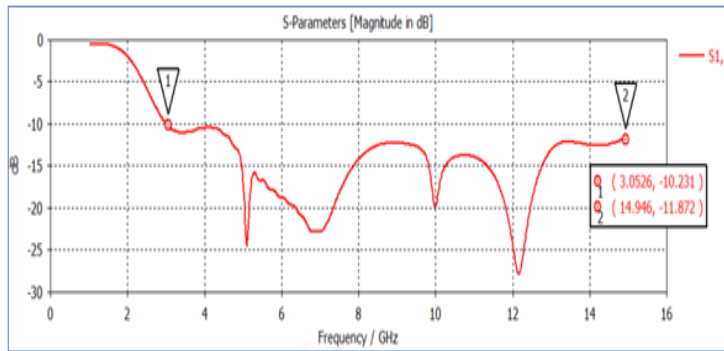
$$\epsilon_{eff} = \frac{\epsilon_r + 1}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 12b/w}} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$L = \frac{c_0}{2f_r \sqrt{\epsilon_{eff}}} \quad (3)$$

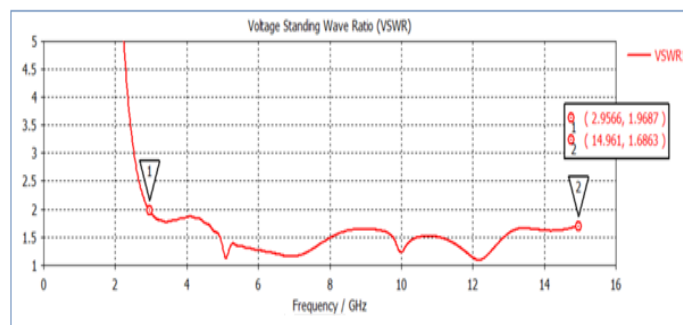
$$\Delta L = 0.412b \frac{(\epsilon_{eff} + 0.300) \left( \frac{W}{b} + 0.264 \right)}{\epsilon_{eff} - 0.258 \left( \frac{W}{b} + 0.813 \right)} \quad (4)$$

### III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Simulation of proposed antenna is carried out using CST tool where simulated (S11) of -11.872dB is achieved at 14.946GHz and VSWR of 1.6963 (<2) are shown in Figure 4 & Figure 5 respectively.

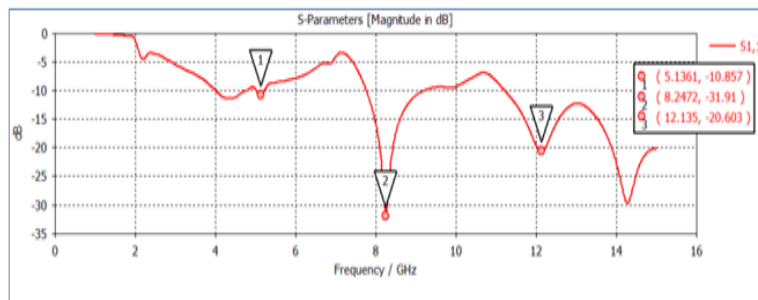


**Figure 4:** The simulated (S<sub>11</sub>) parameter

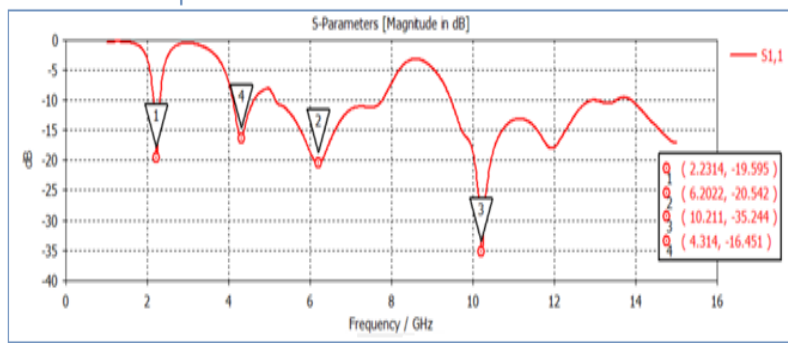


**Figure 5:** Simulated VSWR

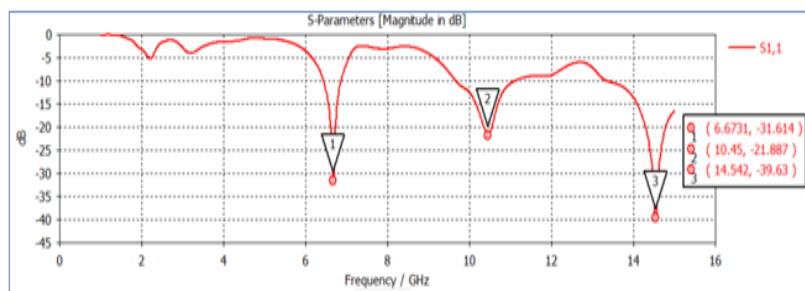
The frequency reconfigurability is achieved if atleast one of the PEC switches is Turned ON exhibiting narrow band characteristics operating from 2.95GHz to 14.95GHz as shown from Figure 6 to 9.



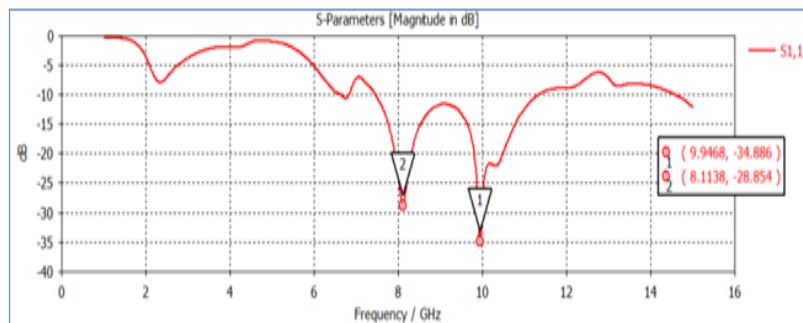
**Figure 6.** The simulated (S<sub>11</sub>) parameter versus frequency for Configuration II



**Figure 7:** S11 versus frequency for Configuration III

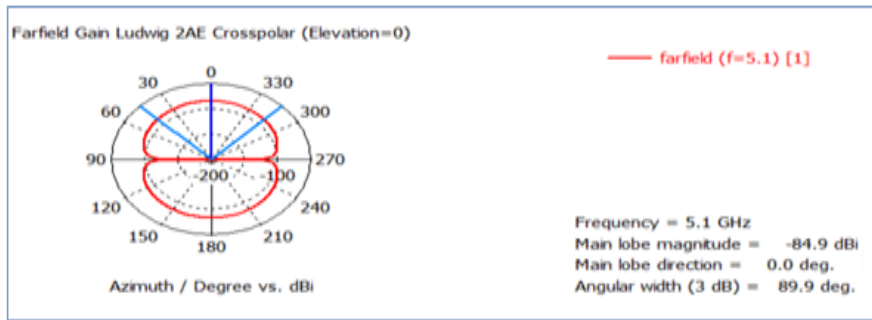


**Figure 8:** S11 Magnitude vs frequency for configuration IV

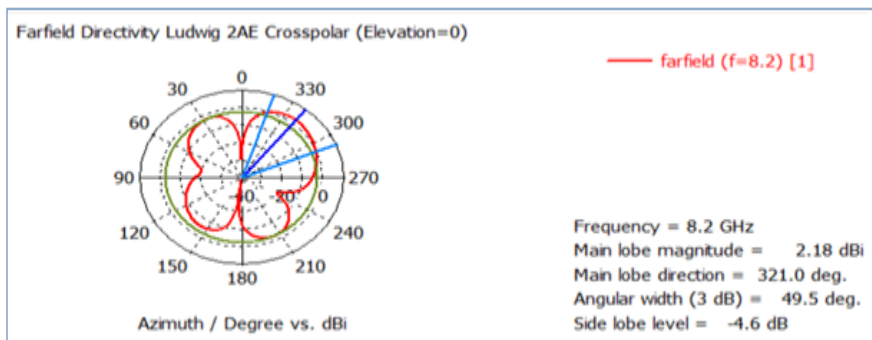


**Figure 9:** S11 Magnitude vs frequency for configuration V

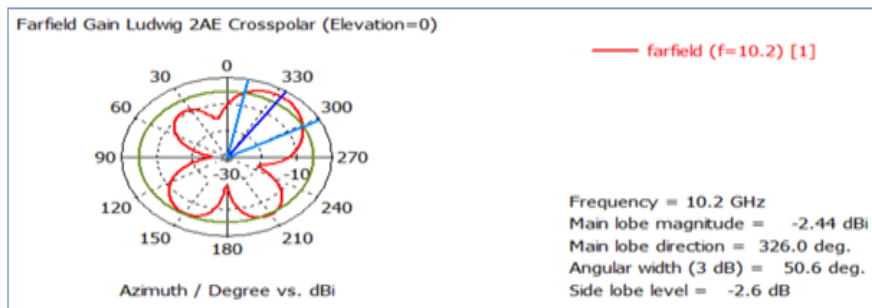
The (2D) radiation pattern of the proposed antenna are shown in Figure 10(a) to 10 (e) respectively for frequencies at 5.1 GHz, 8.24GHz ,10.23GHz, 6.66GHz and 9.94GHz respectively



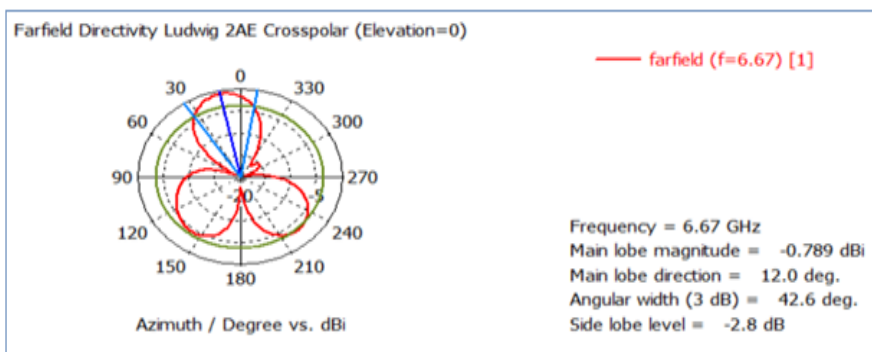
**Figure 10(a)** 2D radiation pattern at 5.1GHz Configuration I



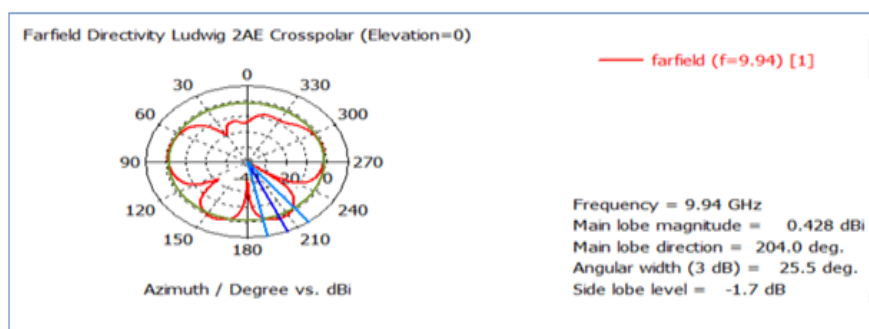
**Figure 10(b)** 2D radiation pattern at 8.2GHz Configuration II



**Figure 10(c)** 2D radiation pattern at 10.2GHz Configuration III



**Figure 10(d)** 2D radiation pattern at 6.67GHz Configuration IV



**Figure 10(e)** 2D radiation pattern at 9.94GHz Configuration V

## IV. CONCLUSION

Both the sensing and communicating antenna has achieved using single microstrip patch antenna which is operated in UWB range having narrow bandwidth with achievable VSWR(<2) and Gain of -11.926 dB.

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