

VARIATION IN THE PLANKTON ABUNDANCE IN THE RAIN WATER

Abstract

Microorganisms were studied in the premises of Guru Nanak Vidyalaya in rainwater during the rainy season. We found many microorganisms in the rainwater collected. Plankton are a collection of tiny organisms that live in a water, for eg. pond, river etc. It is a free floating organisms, it includes plant and animal that float along at the mercy of the sea's tides and currents. It comes from the Greek meaning "drifter" or "wanderer." There are two types of plankton, free floating plants-called phytoplankton, and weak-swimming animals--called zooplankton.

Keyword: SGNP (Boy's)I/C, microorganism, plankton, phytoplankton, zooplankton etc.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Rainwater microorganisms are defined as microorganisms living in the environment according to their habitate. A microorganism (or microorganism) is any microscopic living organism or virus that is so small that it cannot be seen by the human eye without magnification. Microorganisms are very diverse.

They can be single-celled or multicellular and include bacteria, archaea, viruses and most protozoa, as well as some fungi, algae and animals, such as rotifers and copepods. Many macroscopic animals and plants have microjuvenile stages. Some microbiologists also classify viruses as microorganisms, but others consider them inanimate.

Shri Guru Nanak Boy's Inter College in Dehradun, Uttarakhand is located near the bell tower. The microorganisms are studied in the collected rainwater in the premises. Many microorganisms are found in the collected rainwater.

Every year during the rainy season, rainwater accumulates in places in the school premises. When this water collected I and the kids in my school were keen to see these microorganisms because I have also been a researcher, so kids keep arousing the passion of researcher through experiments.

II. AIMS OF THE STUDY

The main objective of testing the collected rainwater was to create an interest in science and research among the children, as well as to inspire them to learn about the microbial or flooding world, so that the children would have knowledge of their ecosystem. Planktons play a very important role in the aquatic ecosystem, they serve as food for water organisms. The phytoplankton traps solar energy and prepare food for the ecosystem by photosynthesis.

1. The Objective of Study Area as Follow:

- To study the variety of planktons in the study area.
- To study the seasonal variation in plankton diversity.

2. Study Area:

- Sri Guru Nanak Boy's Inter College is located in Chukkhuwala near Ghantaghar in Dehradun Uttarakhand.
- School was established in 1936. It is managed by the Pvt. Aided. It is located in Urban area, RAIPUR block of DEHRADUN district of Uttarakhand.

III. MATERIAL AND METHODS

1. Method of Collection Dropper: The students of the school and I took the rainwater collected from the school premises as samples. Collection of sample, using dropper.

2. Method of Preservation: With the help of a dropper, we took a sample of rainwater and first preserved it in 5% formalin in the biology lab of SGNP Boy's Inter College, so that we could study the sample properly.

IV. RESULT

In the month of July to August 2022 and 2023, many microorganisms were studied in the school premises through microscope in which we saw many microorganisms. Among these microorganisms, we saw plants and animals floating in rainwater under a microscope. Some of which are examples that we identified: *Amoeba*, *Paramecium*, *Euglena*, larval stage of insect, *Spirogyra*, *Centropyxis*, *Cosmarium* etc.

V. DISCUSSION

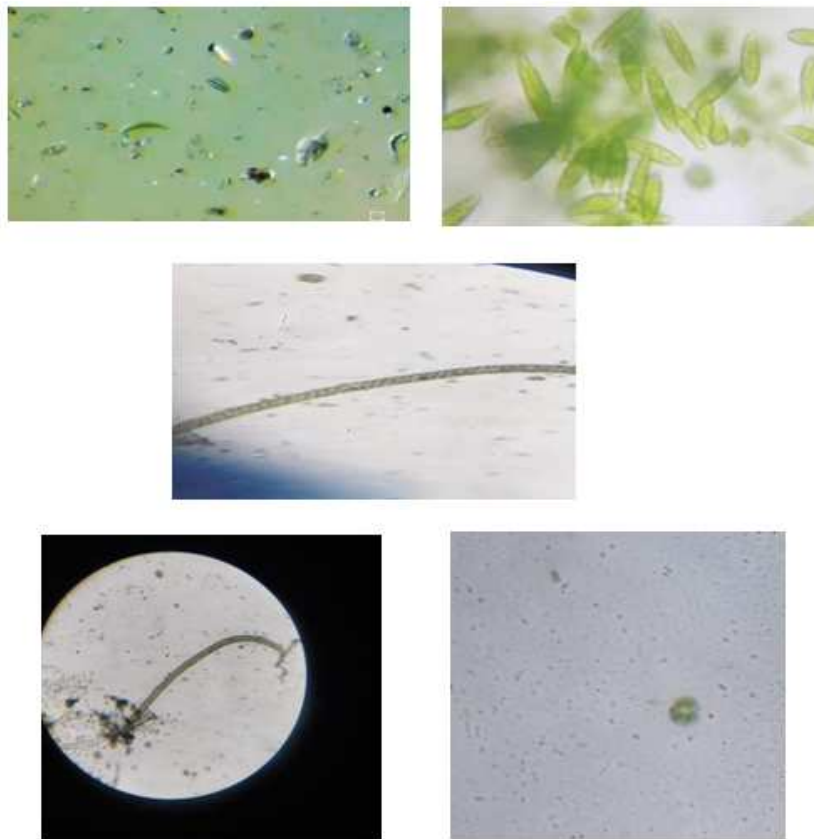
In 2022 and 2023, It was observed that fewer Plankton species were found in 2023 than in 2022. In 2022, more species of *Cosmarium*, *Euglena* and *Spirogyra* were observed.

Table 1: Variation of Plankton Diversity in Rain Water-2022 & 2023

SN.	Taxon	Taxon-2022	Taxon-2023
1	<i>Spirogyra</i>	dominant	dominant
2	<i>Cosmarium</i>	dominant	recessive
3	<i>Euglena</i>	dominant	recessive
4	<i>Amoeba</i>	dominant	recessive
5	<i>Paramecium</i>	dominant	recessive
6	Larvae stage	dominant	dominant
7	<i>Centropyxis</i>	dominant	recessive

VI. PICTURES OF RESEARCH- WORK

1. Picture Shot by Mobile:



VII. CONCLUSION

The aquatic environment is an area that is controlled by changes in factors such as light, heat, humidity and pollution of various wastes in the water body. The results of this study indicated the plankton status, after which the level of rich nutrient and zooplankton abundance in stored rainwater during the rainy season increased in 2022, but decreased in 2023.

The study provides the role of phytoplankton and zooplanktons as bioindicators in detecting the health and trophic status of aquatic bodies. Some species withstand the extreme conditions and survive well in the polluted environment indicating high tolerance level while sensitive species were absent representing their low tolerance.

VIII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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