IMPACT OF E-HRM PRACTICES ON IT PROFESSIONALS IN THE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY

Abstract

In the knowledge economy, current top-level leaders fully understand the superior power of IT sector-related best practices for quickly reaching businessrelated targets. The operation of IT systems helps not only to perform the distinct company's goals but also to optimize the employee workforce processes particular time. The trends and outcomes of present contemporary constantly confirm the involvement of IT practices in the HRM area. The source of designated HR duties uses IT capabilities for the betterment of the organization and takes on the activity of e-HRM. The e-HRM uprising depends on cutting-edge IT, extending from internet-enabled HRISs to company intranets and portals. dynamic situation forces are raising competition, the necessity to handle employees on a worldwide level, increasing HR service delivery, and cost savings. So the potential of IT practice in HR-related activities for measuring routine and tracking of human capital, especially employee performance, with the help of the HR information system generally With the Corona virus (COVID-19) epidemic, the world has been forced to become electronic and digitized, and it is far more significant to keep track of advancements in the knowledge of employees and management through the practices called "e-HRM."

Keywords: HRM, e-HRM, information technology, IT professionals, IT industry.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Begin by examining the historical development of HR management and how it transitioned from traditional paper-based processes to digital solutions. Trace the evolution of HR technology, starting from the introduction of early HR software systems to the sophisticated cloud-based platforms of today. The "digital era" is the name given to the contemporary era as a result of these advancements. HRM and its needs has become the centre of important concern for each employer in an organization. The level of positioning of the organization on human resources starts with the most important everyday jobs of strategic human resource management practices, which are an essential element in all types of strategic decision-making. The various HRM practices like recruiting, learning, training, development, and performance employees in the IT organization. In a complete world, IT professionals are required to have training and self-service, benefits. This will help with the personal and professional development of the organization's personnel from an HRM perspective. The HR department of an organization may be considerably impacted by modern technology. It provided the whole business with a chance to improve and develop its core competencies, operations, market -related target, and organizational design.

In the fast-paced world of the information technology industry, where innovation and talent reign supreme, the impact of e-HRM practices has become a critical aspect of the professional landscape. As technology continuously evolves, so too do the ways in which IT professionals are recruited, managed, and developed within their organizations. e-HRM, as a strategic approach, leverages digital tools and technology platforms to streamline various HR functions, from recruitment and performance assessment to employee development and retention. Implementing e-HRM practices in the IT industry brings about several challenges that organizations need to address effectively. The key challenges are data security, resistance to change, implementation cost, training skill gaps, regulatory compliance, data management, scalability, vendor selection, communication, employee engagement, global workforce, analysis, and accessibility.

II. HRM PRACTICES IN THE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY

Competent employees or workers are the main source of capitalistic competitive advantage, and strategic human resources are the backbone of the IT-related business industry, like business process outsourcing. Because it employs cutting-edge work culture practices that set it apart from other industries, like virtual offices and virtual migration, the IT industry is thought to be the most dynamic by nature. However, a high turnover rate, a lack of job satisfaction, employee job hopping, flexibility, and individualization are all common business happenings and a major source of concern for IT organizations. The methods used for human resource management in Indian IT sectors, such as hiring people and developing human resources, are very different from those used in manufacturing and other service sectors.

III. E-HRM AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROFESSIONAL

Electronic Human Resource Management activities have a major impact on information technology professionals in the IT industry. Here are some key ways e-HRM practices affect IT professionals:

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- 1. **Efficient Recruitment:** e-HRM enables faster and more efficient recruitment processes, allowing IT professionals to find job opportunities quickly and reducing the time to hire for organizations.
- **2. Skill Development:** e-HRM systems often provide access to online training and development resources helping IT professionals stay updated with the latest technologies and trends in the industry.
- **3. Performance Evaluation:** IT professionals benefit from automated performance appraisal systems, which provide real-time feedback and help identify areas for improvement, ultimately enhancing their career growth.
- **4. Flexible work arrangements:** e-HRM supports remote work arrangements, which are common in the IT industry, allowing IT professionals to work from anywhere and maintain a better work-life balance.
- **5.** Competitive Compensation: e-HRM tools assist in managing competitive compensation packages for IT professionals, including bonuses, stock options, and other incentives, helping organizations attract and retain top talents.
- **6. Data-Driven Decisions:** e-HRM analytics help organizations make data-driven decisions about workforce planning, skill development, and talent acquisitions, which benefits IT professionals by aligning their skills with organizational needs.
- 7. Self-Services Options: IT professionals can access their HR-related information, such as pay stubs, benefits, and leave requests, through self-service portals, providing them with greater control and convenience.
- **8.** Career Advancement: E-HRM systems often include tools for career planning and development, helping IT professionals set clear career goals and access the resources needed to achieve them.
- **9.** Compliance and Security: E-HRM practices ensure that IT professionals are aware of and comply with industry regulations and security policies, reducing risks associated with data breaches and legal issues.
- **10. Improved Communications:** e-HRM facilitates communication between IT professionals and HR, ensuring that they are informed about company policies, changes, and opportunities for growth within the organization.

IV. NEW ROLE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROFESSIONALS IN HRM

IT professionals in HRM play a critical role in modern organizations. Here are some key responsibilities and contributions they may have:

1. HR Software Management: IT professionals are responsible for selecting, implementing, and maintaining HR software systems, including HRIS, Applicant

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Tracking Systems (ATS), and payroll software. They ensure these systems are efficient and compliant.

- **2. Data Analytics:** They use data analytics tools to analyze HR data, providing valuable insights for decision-making. This includes analyzing employee performance, turnover rates, and compensation trends.
- **3.** Cybersecurity: Protecting sensitive HR data is paramount. IT professionals work on safeguarding HR data from security breaches and ensuring compliance with data protection regulations like GDPR or HIPAA.
- **4. Automation and Artificial Intelligence:** Implementing automation and AI tools in the HR process can streamline tasks like resume screening, onboarding, and benefits administration. IT professionals are key to integrating these technologies effectively.
- **5. Employee Self-Service Portals:** They design and maintain employee self-service portals, enabling human resources access to HR-related data information, submit related requests, and bring up-to-date individual details.
- **6. Integration:** Integrating HR systems with other departments like finance for payroll is essential. IT professionals ensure seamless data flow between systems.
- 7. Training and Assistance Support: On the condition that training and technical support for HR staff are crucial, IT professionals help HR teams maximize the benefits of technology.
- **8.** Compliance: Staying up-to-date with labour laws and regulations is vital. IT professionals assist in creating and maintaining HR Processes that comply with legal requirements.
- **9. Data Security and Privacy:** Ensuring data security and privacy is a top priority. IT professionals help HR in implement security measures, access controls, and encryption.
- **10. Scalability:** As organizations grow, HR processes must scale accordingly. IT professionals help in designing and implementing systems that can accommodate this growth.
- **11. Cloud Adoption:** Many organizations are migrating HR systems to the cloud. IT professionals manage this transition and ensure that cloud-based systems are secure and reliable.
- **12. Reporting and Dashboards:** Creating customized reports and dashboards for HR managers and executives is another critical function. This helps in monitoring HR Key Performance Indicators and making informed decisions.

IT professionals in HRM bridge the gap between technology and human resources, ensuring that HR processes are efficient, compliant, and data-driven. Their expertise is crucial in modernizing and optimizing HR functions within organizations.

V. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY'S IMPACT ON HRM FUNCTIONS

Economic marketplaces, data transmission, and communication all face the challenge of not obtaining a significant portion of global advantages in the current era of information technology. This is "Alvin Toffler's third" signal in a global culture. Computer and information system technologies are widely used by organizations nowadays to discuss anything at any time. The Internet and information technology are highly remarkable in terms of conditions of organizational learning, the most effective communication among workers, an outstanding organizational through learning process, data, and the availability of information knowledge. Managers could do with it in order to put their skills to work in their organizations as well as to decrease their weaknesses and further aspects in a well-timed manner. Information technologies have gradually distorted the organization, mostly in human resources.

IT has made it easier for organizations to post job openings on online platforms and manage applicant data efficiently. Applicant Tracking Systems (ATS) systems help screen and track applicants, improving the hiring process. IT systems like HRIS enable the centralized management of employee records, simplifying data storage, retrieval, and compliance with regulatory requirements. IT tools facilitate the automation of performance appraisal processes, making it easier to set goals, track progress, and provide feedback to employees. LMS platforms support e-learning, allowing employees to access training and development resources online, promoting continued learning and skill development. IT plays a crucial role in safeguarding sensitive employee data through encryption, access controls, and cyber security measures.

VI. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY IN INDIA

India is renowned as a global outsourcing destination for IT services. Indian IT companies offer a wide range of services, including software development, IT consulting, BPO, and application maintenance, to clients worldwide. This outsourcing model has been a major driver of the industry's growth. The Indian IT industry has experienced rapid growth over the past few decades. It has consistently outperformed other sectors and has become one of the largest employers in the country. Major IT hubs in India include Bangalore, Hyderabad, Pune, Chennai, and Gurgaon. The industry is not limited to software development but also includes IT-enabled services such as customer support, finance and accounting outsourcing, and data analytics. Indian IT firms serve diverse sectors, including finance, healthcare, retail, and manufacturing. India hosts offices and development centre's for many global technology giants, including IBM, Microsoft, Google, Amazon, and Face book. These companies collaborate with local talent and contribute to India's tech ecosystem.

India has a thriving start-up ecosystem, particularly in technology-related sectors. Cities like Bangalore and Hyderabad are home to numerous start-ups that focus on emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence block chain and cyber security. India boasts a vast pool of skilled IT professionals, including software engineers, data scientists, and IT managers. The country's educational institutions produce a large number of tech graduates every year. The Indian government has launched initiatives like "Digital India" and "Make in India" to promote the growth of the IT and electronics industries. These initiatives aim to improve digital infrastructure, encourage innovation, and attract foreign investments. Indian

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IT professionals and companies provide services and solutions to clients worldwide. They play a crucial role in digital transformation, business innovations, and addressing global IT challenges.

VII. INDIA'S RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRY

India's IT industry continued to be a major player in the global market, with a focus on software development, IT services, and outsourcing. Trends at that time included increased adoption of cloud computing, artificial intelligence, and digital transformation services. The COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the adoption of remote work in the Indian IT industry. Many companies were transitioning to hybrid work models, offering employees flexibility in where they worked. Businesses in India were investing more in digital transformation initiatives. This included adopting cloud computing, AI, and automation to improve operations and customer experiences. AI and ML were being integrated into various IT solutions, from chatbots for customer support to data analytics for decision-making. Indian organizations were focusing on enhancing their cyber security measures to protect sensitive data. The debate around data privacy and the development of data protection regulations was ongoing. India was working on its own data protection law to align with global standards. The rollout of 5G technologies and the growth of IoT were creating new opportunities for IT companies, particularly in areas like smart cities and connected devices. Indian IT companies were actively pursuing acquisitions and partnerships to expand their global footprint and capabilities. PE investments totaled \$23.4 billion in the IT industry. Wipro and TEOCO joined in November 2021 to boost network automation, efficiency, flexibility, and dependability for Communications Service Providers (CSPs). In August 2021, Tata Consultancy Services (TCS) was awarded a leader in the NelsonHall NEAT for Customer Experience Services in Banking, Financial Services, and Insurance (BFSI).

VIII. CONCLUSION

In the ever-evolving IT industry, e-HRM continues as well, adapting to new technologies and trends to meet the unique demands of IT professionals. The IT industry in India is a key driver of economic growth, innovation, and employment. It continues to evolve and adapt to changing global trends and technologies, positioning India as a major player in the global tech landscape. By streamlining HR procedures, encouraging skill development, and offering opportunities for career advancement, e-HRM tools have a positive impact on IT professionals in the IT sector. They are essential for luring top IT talent and maintaining the workforce's agility and competitiveness in a rapidly changing industry. The initiative's major focus should be on what requests are skillful, namely how the IT solutions can assist KPIs and what kinds of HR procedures they should support. HR professionals must know about the process of hiring employees and train them to use the latest technologies in order to meet these objectives. Employees increase their hi-tech proficiency in order to compete for jobs in an increasingly advanced, technologically dependent society. It has played a pivotal role in enhancing the HR experience for IT professionals by providing tools and systems that improve efficiency, communications, and data-driven decision-making. As the IT industry continues to evolve, the adoption and optimization of e-HRM practices will remain critical to supporting the career growth and job satisfaction of IT professionals in the digital age.

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