A Critical Review on the Alccofine Based Concrete

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ABSTRACT

This critical review gives an idea about the utilization of Alccofine 1203 in the construction industry. Nowadays, various researchers are going on to make the concrete environmental friendly and also to cut down the emission of carbon dioxide in the manufacturing and construction process. Alccofine 1203 is one such additive with a property of micro finer additive for mortar and concrete. Alccofine 1203 has its own unique significant property such as low calcium silicate, hydraulic and pozzolanic activity and improves the cement paste packing density component. This critical review analyzed the decades of research going on in alccofine 1203 and arrived the conclusion that optimum dosage of alccofine would be 8% to 12% by volume of total binder content based on the grades of concrete. This proportion may be deviated for achieving the specific properties in the concrete.

Keywords—Alccofine; High Performance Concrete; High Strength Concrete; Micro Fine Particles;

#  INTRODUCTION

 Nowadays, researchers are trying to replace most using ingredients of cement in concrete to reduce greenhouse emissions in the atmosphere. Cement Replacement Materials, new micro-fine generation material within GGBS, etc. are used as partial replacement materials. The primary role of the CRM is to improve the refine, manufacture the concrete and densify the concrete microstructure, which leads to lower permeability. One such Cement Replacement Material is Alccofine. Alccofine is a new micro-fine material of particle size much lower than other hydraulic materials like fly ash, cement, GGBS, silica fume, etc., manufactured in India. It has significant attributes, such as optimized particle size distribution, which will improve concrete performance in the fresh and hardened stages. It will be improving the packing density of the cement paste components, reducing water demand and admixture dosage. Meanwhile, it will improve any concrete's durability and strength parameters at all ages. The calculated amount of Alccofine 1203 will be extra to the concrete mix proportion along with cement and other pozzolanic materials. The recommended dosage is 8% to 12% by volume of the total binder content based on the grades of concrete.

High performance concrete was studied with high-quality ingredients of Alccofine 1203. M50 grade concrete was prepared with partial replacement of conventional cement with Alccofine 1203 by 5%, 10%, 15%, and 20%, respectively. They determined the mechanical properties of HPC, modulus of elasticity, and durability property of rapid chloride permeability values. He concluded that the 10% optimum replacement of Alccofine showed improved strength and durability properties compared to the controlled concrete mix proportion (Srinivasan, 2020). Concrete was manufacturing with full replacement of natural sand and partial replacement of Alccofine 1203 in the ranges of 0 to 25% in the increment of 5%. The experimental results showed that 15% of Alccofine in the concrete mix showed better results and after that gradually deceasing manner was achieved (Suganya, 2019). M80 grade of high strength concrete was prepared with Alccofine and industrial waste products. Strength properties showed that 5% of Alccofine showed high compressive strength results when compared to the other proportions (Varinder Singh, 2018). M60 grade of high performance concrete was developed based on the ACI method blended with flyash of 20% and alccofine of 0 – 15% in the increment of 3% along with water-cement ratio of 0.25. The mechanical properties values showed that 12% addition of alccofine in M60 grade concrete attained higher strength than the remaining proportions (Surendra Kumar, 2018).

The cement mortar cube strength was depended on the partial replacement of alccofine in the mortar mix proportion. Due to its higher pozzolanic nature, hydration process yields denser CSH gel and it exhibits addition of Alccofine 1203 yielded higher strength for the cement mortar cubes (Balamuralikrishnan, 2021). The self compacting concrete was developed with the effective addition of 25% flyash and alccofine of various percentages (5, 10, 15%). The results indicated that the mechanical properties obtained better for the mix proportions of 10% alccofine (Bode Venkata Kavyateja, 2020).

A comprehensive review on the concrete with alccofine powder concluded that the fineness property doesn’t increasing the water demand. Meanwhile the dosage of the alccofine in the ranges of 5 – 15% of the volume of the ordinary Portland cement (Tejashree Chaudhari, 2021). Another comprehensive review on the alccofine based concrete was conducted, their review of literatures showed that low calcium silicate available alccofine (range of 0-20%) increases the strength of the concrete (Narender Reddy, 2017). Another review on the alccofine based high performance concrete suggested that 15% replacement showed better strength properties and enhances the durability and workability of the concrete (Boobalan, 2021).

The objective of this critical review gives an idea of utilization of Alccofine 1203 in the various applications and their optimum proportions in the cement concrete and also for the cement mortars. The addition of alccofine increases the hydration process resulted in the improved CSH gel which in turn increasing the strength of the specimens.

# MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Alccofine 1203 is used as an additive for the concrete and mortars. It has low calcium silicate content. Its hydraulic and pozzolanic properties resulted in superior hydration process. The optimum proportion of Alccofine 1203 varies from 8 – 12 % by the volume of the cement. The presence of calcium oxide and silica in Alccofine of higher amounts improves the pozzolanic reaction, which in turn additional amount of CSH gel is formed, resulted in the development of superior core concrete matrix (Bhanavath Sagar, 2021). The typical properties of Alccofine 1203 are shown in table 1.

 **Table 1: Typical properties of Alccofine 1203.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  Property Description |  Range of Values |  Chemical Properties | % Mass |
| Specific Gravity | 2.86 | CaO | 30 – 34 |
| Fineness | 12000 cm2/gm | Al2O | 18 – 25 |
| Average Particle Size | 4 – 6 microns | Fe2O3 | 0.8 – 3.0 |
| Bulk Density | 600 – 700 kg/m3 | SO3MgOSiO2 | 0.1 – 0.4 6 - 10 30 - 36 |

Alccofine 1203 mixed with concrete reduces the pores available due to its fineness. The shape, size and morphology of the Alccofine 1203 is presented in SEM image of figure 1. The more amount of calcium oxide in the Alccofine is making the concrete to perform superior with other ultra fine ingredients of concrete. The proportion of Alccofine is presented in figure 2 (Bhanavath Sagar, 2021). The chemical properties of Alccofine form EDAX shown in table 2.

 **Table 2: Chemical Properties of Alccofine 1203** (Panga Narasimha Reddy, 2020).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  Property Description | Weight (%) | Atomic (%) |
| C KCa KAl KO KSi K | 45.698.664.0135.266.38 | 57.643.272.2533.393.44 |

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 **Figure 1: SEM image of Alccofine 1203 Figure 2: XRD Analysis of Alccofine 1203**

 (Bhanavath Sagar, 2021) (Bhanavath Sagar, 2021)

# EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION

The experimental investigations carried out with the addition of Alccofine 1203 in the various types of concrete were studied. The physical and chemical properties of the materials used in the concrete are studied and then required materials are selected for the mixing of the concrete. The experimental investigation includes the fresh, hardened and durability properties. The testing of various types of concrete in addition of alccofine is shown in table 3.

**Table 3: Testing of Alccofine in the various grades and application of concrete**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Literatures | % of Alccofine | Grade of Concrete | Testing properties description | Optimum proportion of Alccofine |
| Srinivasan, 2020 | 5, 10, 15, 20 | M50 | Mechanical and durability properties | 10% |
| Mahim Mathur, 2018 | 0, 5, 10, 15, 20 | M20 | Fresh and hardened properties | 10% |
| Suganya, 2019 | 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 | M20 | Mechanical properties | 15% |
| Kaviya, 2017 | 5, 10, 15 | M30 | Mechanical Properties | 10% |
| Surendra Kumar, 2018 | 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15 | M60 | Mechanical Properties | 12% |
| Mahim Mathur, 2018 | 0, 5, 10, 15, 20 | M20 | Mechanical Properties | 10% |
| Balamuralikrishnan, 2021 | 0, 5, 10, 15, 20 | Mortar  | Strength Properties | 10% |
| Panga Narasimha Reddy, 2020 | 0, 4, 8, 12, 16 | Various Mixes | Durability Properties | 8% |
| Bode Venkata Kavyateja, 2020 | 0, 5, 10, 15 | SCC | Strength Properties  | 10% |
| Rajesh Kumar, 2015 | 0, 5, 10, 15, 20 | M60 | Mechanical Properties | 10% |
| Kulkarni, 2011 | 0, 30% | Design mix | Strength and Durability  | 30% |
| Pavittar Singh, 2017 | 0, 3, 6, 9, 12 | M80 | Strength Properties | 12% |
| Devinder Sharma, 2016 | 15% | M100 | Durability Properties | 15% |
| Mohd. Hamraj, 2014 | 0, 5, 10, 15, 20 | M50 | Strength and Durability | 15% |
| Karthick, 2020 | 0, 5,10,15 | M60 | Strength Properties | 10% |
| Sinha Deepa, 2016 | 0, 4, 6, 8, 10 | M50 | Strength Properties | 8% |
| Ardra Mohan, 2017 | 0, 5, 10, 15 | SCC | Mechanical Properties | 10% |

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

 The development of self compacting concrete was mixed with alccofine in the ranges of 0 – 15% by the increment of 5% resulted in 10% partial replacement of alccofine based SCC concrete achieved high strength properties (Ardra Mohan, 2017), (Bode Venkata Kavyateja, 2020). A comprehensive review of the alccofine based concrete in the recent studies concluded that 8 – 12 % of the partial replacement of alccofine showed higher strength properties (Boobalan, 2021).

The workability properties of the high strength and high performance concretes with addition of alccofine in the ranges of 0 – 15% by the increment of 5% resulted in higher compressive strength, splitting tensile and flexural strength values (Mohd. Hamraj, 2014). In the past two decades, various researchers were going on for utilizing the alccofine in the effective manner for achieving the higher strength properties due to the calcium silicate content. The durability properties such as water permeability, rapid chloride permeability tester, carbonation, acid resistance values of the concrete was enhanced due to the adding together of alccofine in some percentage to the concrete mix proportions (Devinder Sharma, 2016).

The strength properties of 10% alccofine based high grade concrete resulted in compressive strength of 64.45 MPa (7 days) and 74.48 MPa (28 days). The alccofine proportion increased in the concrete which would be acting as filler materials for the other ingredients and yielding the better workability of the concrete (Rajesh Kumar, 2015). M80 grade of concrete was developed with 3 – 12% of alccofine in the increment of 3%. The strength property values concluded that 12% of alccofine proportion in concrete yield better compressive, splitting and flexural strength (Pavittar Singh, 2017). The experimental investigation of high performance concrete with 100% ordinary portland cement and another proportion of 70% ordinary Portland cement and 30% micro cement were studied. They conducted the physical properties test such as sorptivity tests and colour analysis test, and non destructive tests such as ultrasonic pulse velocity. From the ultrasonic pulse velocity values, compressive strength, splitting tensile strength values were identified and compared with the control specimens. From the concluded values, performance of the all the mix proportions were similar at elevated temperatures (Kulkarni, 2011).

High performance concrete was developed by adding the quart dust and alccofine of 5 to 15% in the increment of 5%. Properties such as compressive, splitting, flexural strength, bending and breaking strength were determined. The test results showed that 15% of alccofine, 5% of quartz dust and 10% of silica fume high performance concrete would be better than other mix proportions (Karthick, 2020). The comprehensive review on the alccofine based high performance concrete concluded that utilization of alccofine materials as an partial replacement upto 20% by the volume of the cement content and it would be acting as an filler material, yields superior workability (Narender Reddy, 2017).

# CONCLUSION

The following are the conclusions obtained from the studies of various literatures related to alccofine based concrete are as follows: The optimum proportion of alccofine in the cement based concrete is from the ranges of 8 – 12% based on the applications and their other ingredients of the concrete. The addition of alccofine in the concrete improves the durability parameters by refining the pore structure and reduces the permeability. It also maintains the concrete pH and resisting the reinforcement from corrosion. Alccofine based concrete will be having the enhanced slump without increasing the dosages of the chemical admixtures. Especially alccofine is used as an strength enhancer in the high performance concrete with low water-binder ratio. The field of application is commonly for all the types of structures and particularly for the green complaint structures also.

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